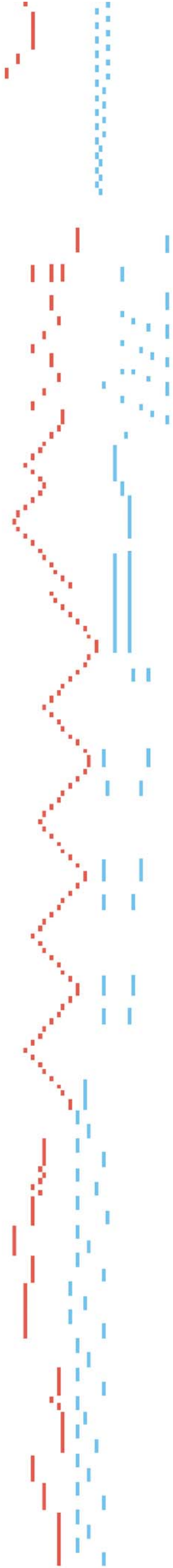
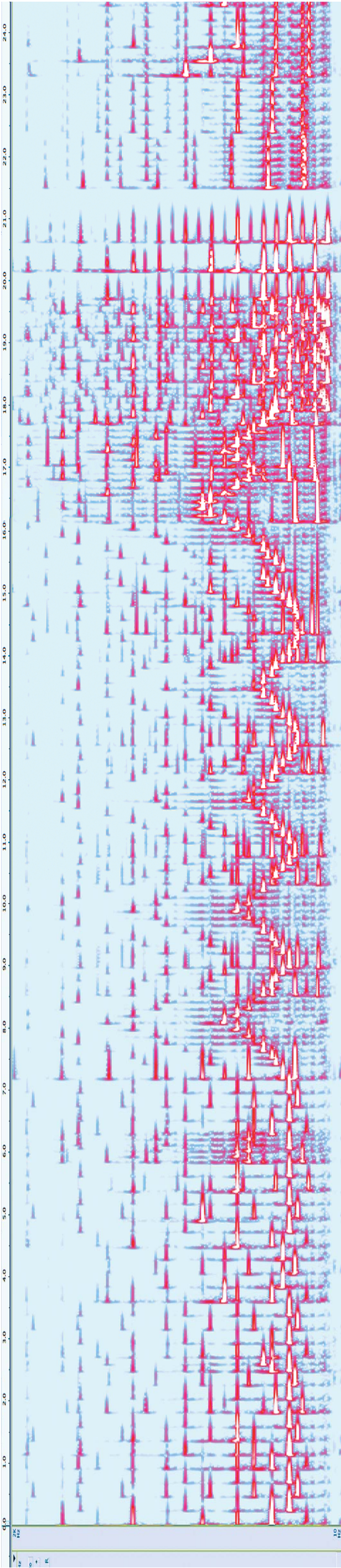


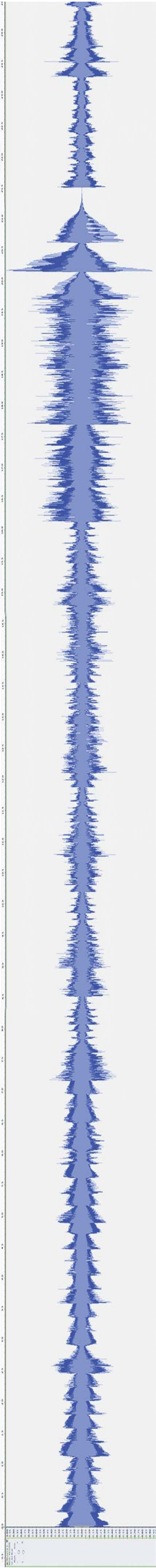
Western
Notation



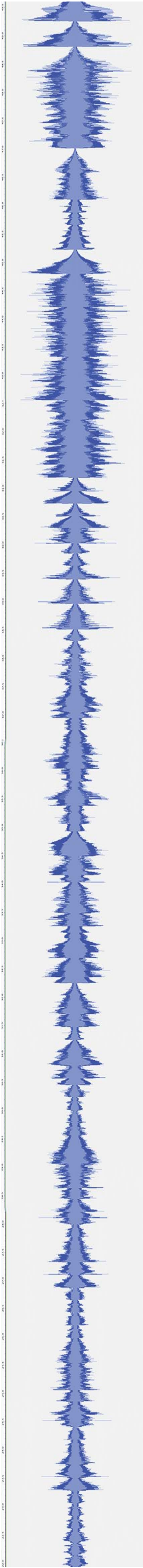
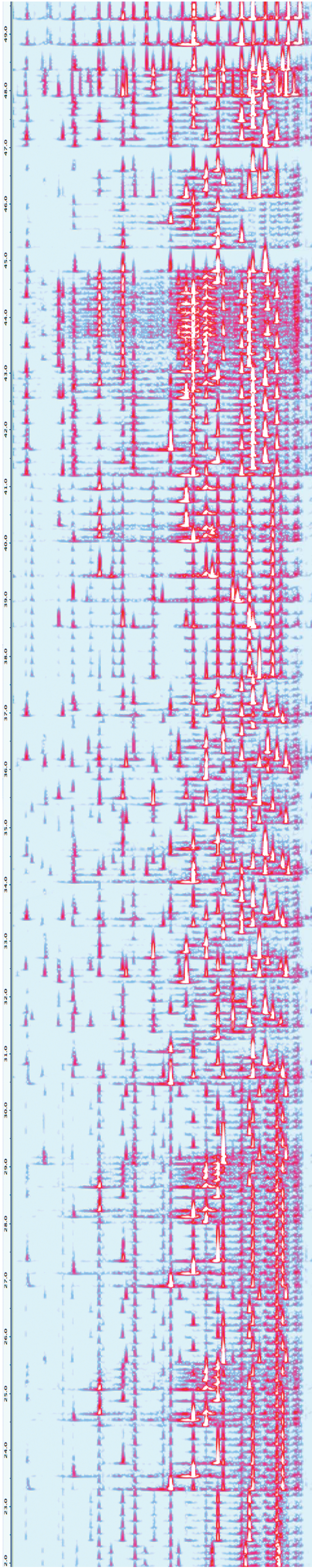
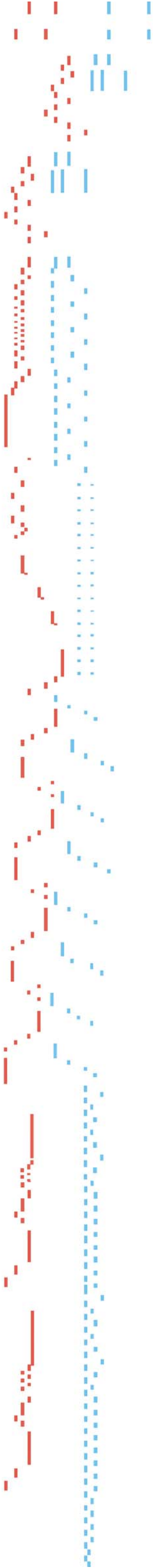
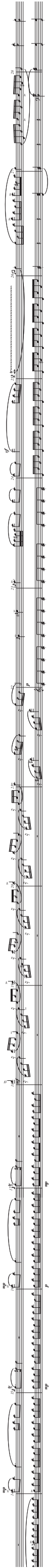
MIDI



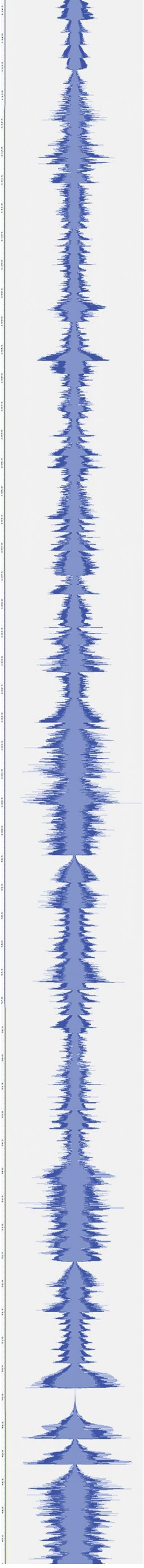
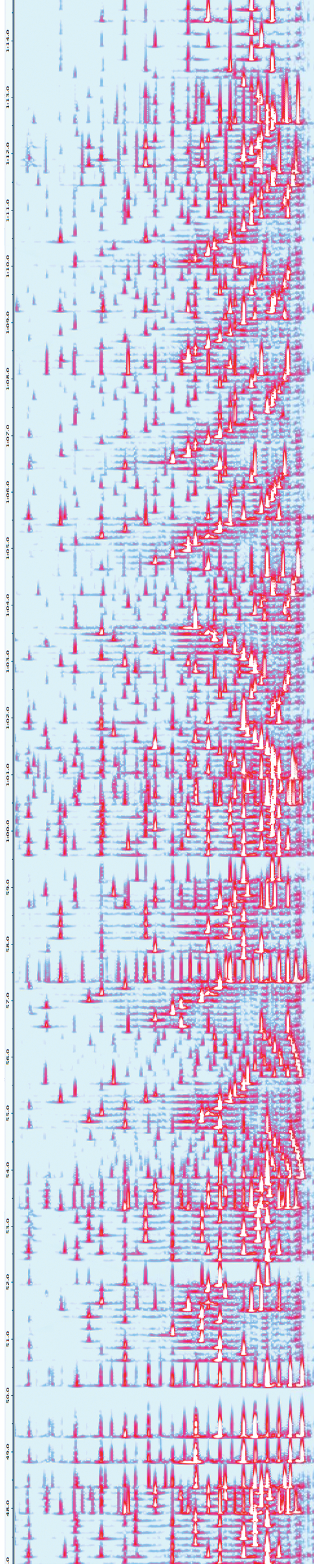
Spectograph

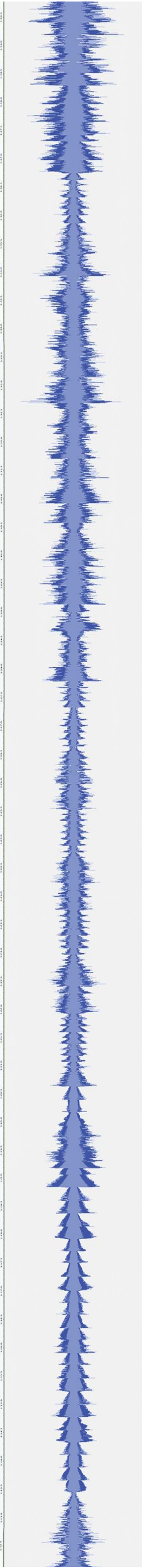
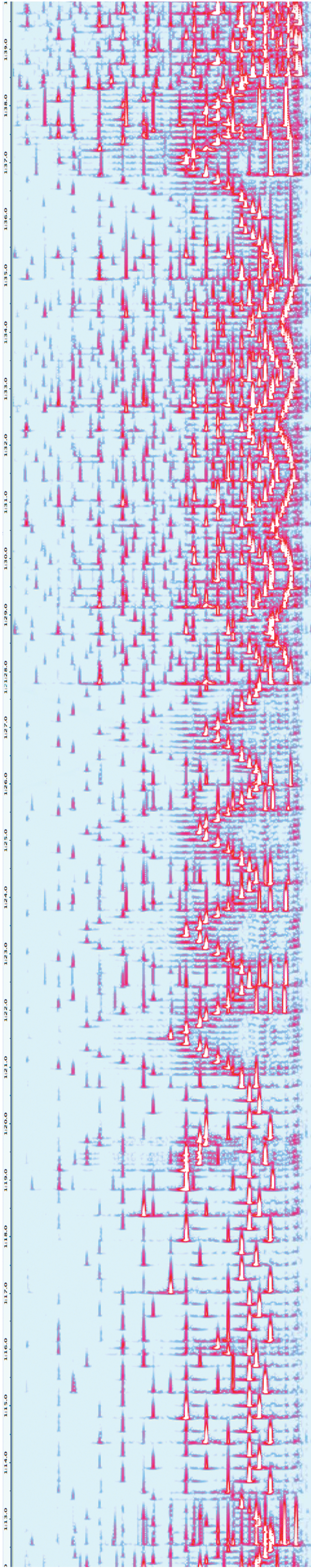
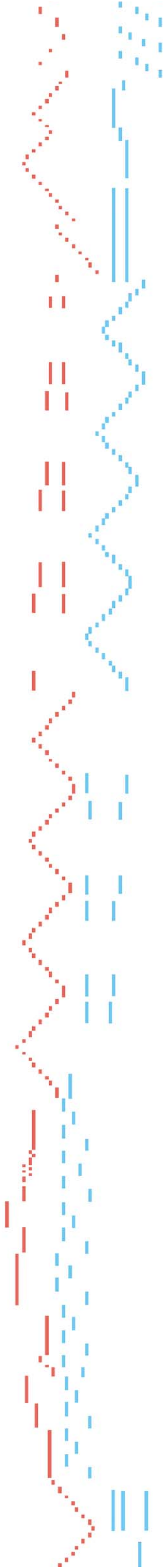
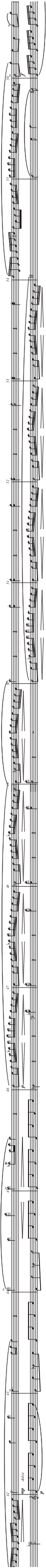


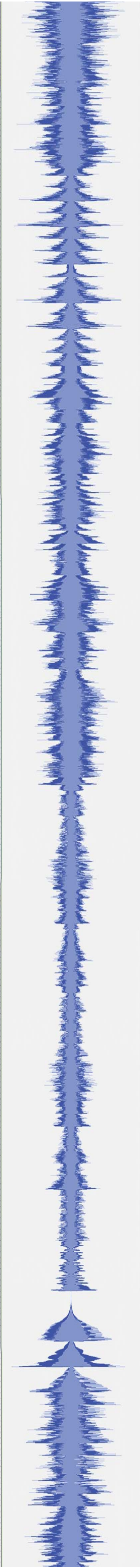
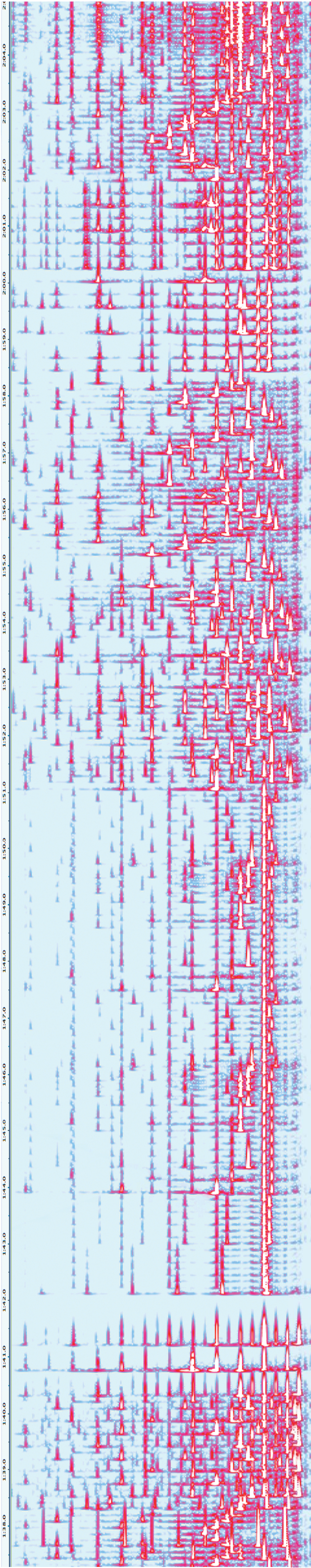
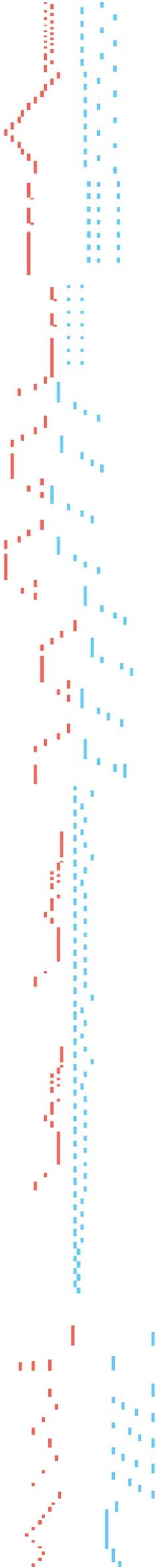
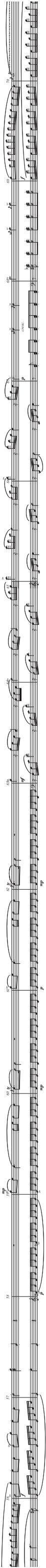
Amplitude



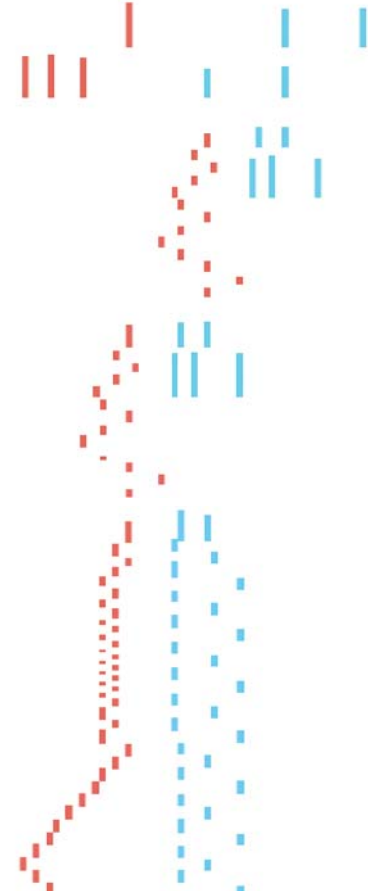
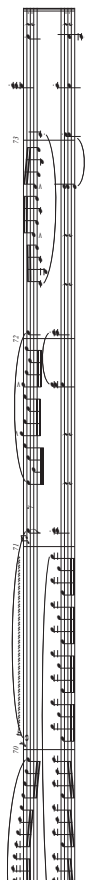
A 10x10 grid of red and blue dots. The dots are arranged in a complex, non-random pattern. Red dots are located at (row, column) coordinates: (1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (1,5), (1,6), (1,7), (1,8), (1,9), (1,10), (2,1), (2,2), (2,3), (2,4), (2,5), (2,6), (2,7), (2,8), (2,9), (2,10), (3,1), (3,2), (3,3), (3,4), (3,5), (3,6), (3,7), (3,8), (3,9), (3,10), (4,1), (4,2), (4,3), (4,4), (4,5), (4,6), (4,7), (4,8), (4,9), (4,10), (5,1), (5,2), (5,3), (5,4), (5,5), (5,6), (5,7), (5,8), (5,9), (5,10), (6,1), (6,2), (6,3), (6,4), (6,5), (6,6), (6,7), (6,8), (6,9), (6,10), (7,1), (7,2), (7,3), (7,4), (7,5), (7,6), (7,7), (7,8), (7,9), (7,10), (8,1), (8,2), (8,3), (8,4), (8,5), (8,6), (8,7), (8,8), (8,9), (8,10), (9,1), (9,2), (9,3), (9,4), (9,5), (9,6), (9,7), (9,8), (9,9), (9,10), (10,1), (10,2), (10,3), (10,4), (10,5), (10,6), (10,7), (10,8), (10,9), (10,10). Blue dots are located at (row, column) coordinates: (1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (1,5), (1,6), (1,7), (1,8), (1,9), (1,10), (2,1), (2,2), (2,3), (2,4), (2,5), (2,6), (2,7), (2,8), (2,9), (2,10), (3,1), (3,2), (3,3), (3,4), (3,5), (3,6), (3,7), (3,8), (3,9), (3,10), (4,1), (4,2), (4,3), (4,4), (4,5), (4,6), (4,7), (4,8), (4,9), (4,10), (5,1), (5,2), (5,3), (5,4), (5,5), (5,6), (5,7), (5,8), (5,9), (5,10), (6,1), (6,2), (6,3), (6,4), (6,5), (6,6), (6,7), (6,8), (6,9), (6,10), (7,1), (7,2), (7,3), (7,4), (7,5), (7,6), (7,7), (7,8), (7,9), (7,10), (8,1), (8,2), (8,3), (8,4), (8,5), (8,6), (8,7), (8,8), (8,9), (8,10), (9,1), (9,2), (9,3), (9,4), (9,5), (9,6), (9,7), (9,8), (9,9), (9,10), (10,1), (10,2), (10,3), (10,4), (10,5), (10,6), (10,7), (10,8), (10,9), (10,10).



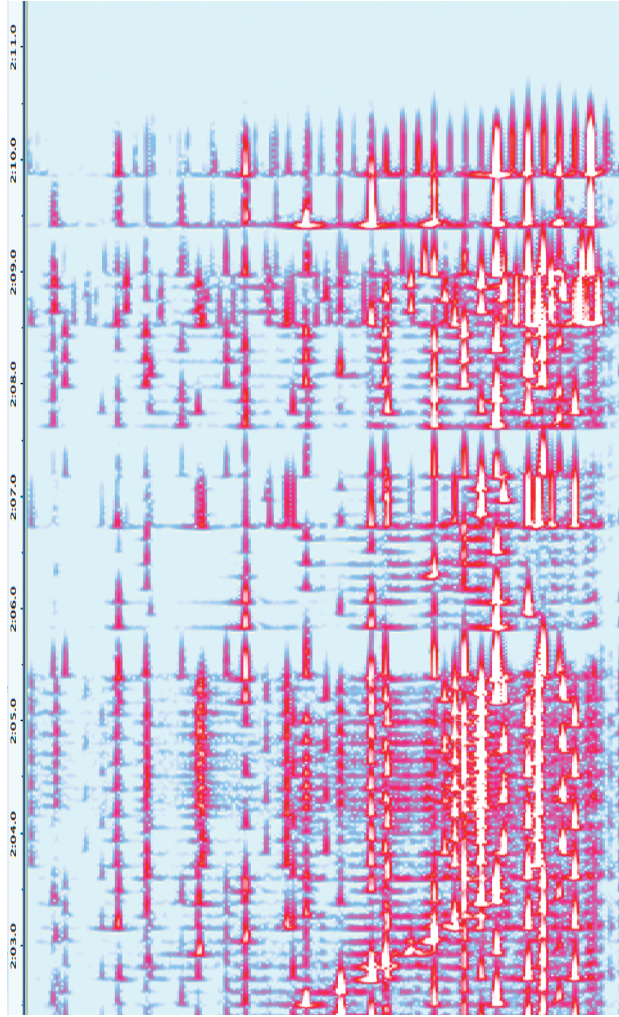




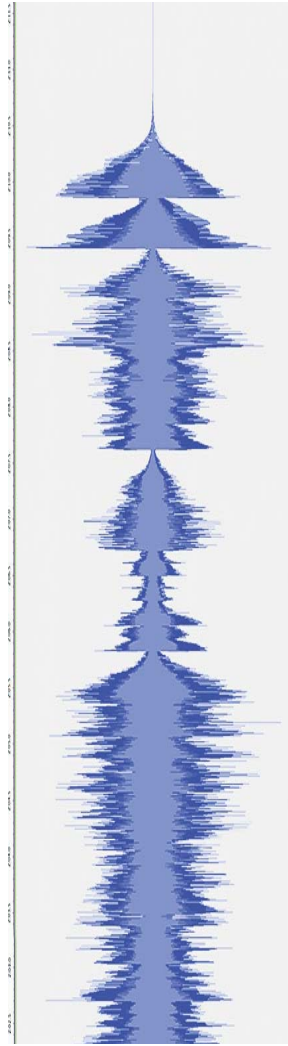
The Beauty of Structure and the Structure of Beauty: Mozart’s “Facile Sonata” (No. 16, K.V. 545)



This diagram presents four visualizations of one of Mozart’s classic pieces. On the top line is the score in standard Western notation. The second line presents a MIDI realization with the treble and bass each colored differently. The third line presents a spectrogram view, vividly depicting harmonic overtones. The bottom line presents an amplitude view. The top line was created using Sibelius 4, the MIDI by the Music Animation Machine, and the bottom two lines using Audacity version 1.3.2. The score was typeset from public domain source. The whole diagram was created using Adobe InDesign.



New understandings of Mozart’s music can emerge from listening and then comparing and contrasting what each view has to offer, particularly as the whole piece can be apprehended at once.



Visualization created by Matthew D. Thibeault
Draft of July 15, 2007
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contact Matthew at mdthib@uiuc.edu